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Real Estate Navigation: A 2025 Guide

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Accepting Technological Advances for Improved Performance

In the ever-evolving world of modern technology, the year 2025 will definitely present a wide variety of improvements designed to boost performance and productivity. Best Artificial Grass Las Vegas Nevada. As we seek to maximize our possibility in this future landscape, accepting these technological developments will certainly be paramount. This essay intends to explore the importance of these improvements and offer a roadmap for leveraging them to enhance efficiency.

In the last years, we have seen a significant improvement in numerous fields due to technical innovations. From Artificial Intelligence (AI) to robotics, blockchain to big information, these innovations have not only shaped our lifestyle yet have actually likewise overhauled standard organization versions. Their capability to enhance procedures, reduce human error, and deliver exceptional outcomes quickly and successfully is notable. As we approach 2025, these technological advancements are expected to be more advanced and incorporated into our everyday routines, promising improved productivity.

Firstly, consider the role of Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning. These technologies are already at the leading edge of improving performance by automating routine jobs and providing insightful data analysis. In 2025, we can expect AI and ML to be much more sophisticated, with abilities to forecast patterns, choose, and do complicated tasks with marginal human intervention. For that reason, embracing these modern technologies and integrating them right into our work procedures will certainly be necessary for taking full advantage of efficiency.

Secondly, take into consideration the impact of the Web of Points (IoT). With an ever-increasing number of devices attached to the net, the IoT gives an opportunity for smooth combination and communication, bringing about enhanced efficiency. By 2025, we can expect a more interconnected world, where the IoT will certainly play a vital function in handling and managing different elements of our work and individual lives.

Moreover, innovations in cloud computer and virtual reality are expected to change the method we work. With cloud computer, we can anticipate a much more joint and adaptable work environment, as this technology enables real-time sharing and editing of files, decreasing time and enhancing productivity. On the other hand, virtual fact can use immersive training experiences, resulting in a much more skilled and efficient labor force.



However, accepting these technical technologies is not without its difficulties. Issues such as information safety and security, technological inequality, and the need for continual discovering and adjustment present substantial hurdles. Therefore, while we embrace these technologies, it is vital to deal with these issues proactively to genuinely take full advantage of efficiency.

To conclude, the year 2025 will definitely offer a riches of technological improvements that guarantee boosted efficiency. Embracing these modern technologies and integrating them right into our work procedures will be vital for making best use of performance

Applying Time Administration Techniques in the Future Work environment

As we march briskly towards 2025, the future office is set to undertake a significant makeover. The development of technology, the increase of expert system, and the change in the direction of remote and flexible job settings will require a new method to time management. With the objective of making the most of effectiveness, the execution of reliable time monitoring strategies will be much more essential than ever.

Among the significant adjustments we expect in the future work environment is the raised reliance on task administration tools. These digital platforms will certainly use an extensive review of jobs, due dates, and group use. They will certainly permit us to prioritize tasks, establish realistic due dates, and allocate sources effectively.

Real Estate Navigation: A 2025 Guide – Artificial Turf Las Vegas pet friendly

1. Artificial Grass Las Vegas warranty included
2. Artificial Turf Las Vegas fake grass installer
3. Artificial Grass Las Vegas child safe turf
4. Artificial Grass Las Vegas for front yard
5. Artificial Grass Las Vegas for playgrounds

A well-implemented job administration device will be a foundation in attaining optimal

efficiency as it minimizes the moment spent on management jobs, enabling individuals to concentrate on their core responsibilities.



An additional considerable time monitoring strategy that will certainly prevail in the future workplace is the use of expert system (AI). AI can automate regular tasks, minimizing the time invested in them and freeing up time for even more critical duties. Additionally, AI can provide understandings right into work patterns and habits, helping individuals recognize where they are losing time and just how they can function extra effectively.

The limit in between job and personal life is anticipated to obscure even more in the future workplace. Because of this, keeping a healthy and balanced work-life equilibrium will come to be much more difficult yet likewise more vital. For that reason, time obstructing techniques will acquire appeal. Time obstructing entails organizing specific time ports for various tasks or tasks throughout the day. It guarantees that there is an equilibrium between work and personal life, and that time is allocated successfully.

Remote job is another pattern that is right here to stay. With this new standard, the conventional 9 to 5 workday might end up being less appropriate, and versatile work hours might end up being a lot more usual. This adaptability could possibly bring about an "always-on" work society, making it essential to set clear borders and manage time efficiently. Methods such as the Pomodoro strategy, where work is damaged down into intervals typically 25 mins in size, separated by time-outs, can help manage time much more effectively.

In conclusion, the future workplace in 2025 will certainly present brand-new difficulties and chances for time monitoring. The application of sophisticated devices and techniques, coupled with an enhanced concentrate on work-life balance and flexibility, will certainly be important in taking full advantage of effectiveness. By accepting these changes and adjusting to brand-new ways of functioning, we can make certain that we are prepared for the future and can prosper in the evolving work environment.



Adapting to the Transforming Nature of Work and Company

Utilizing Artificial Intelligence and Artificial Intelligence Equipment for Performance

Using Artificial Intelligence and Artificial Intelligence Devices for Effectiveness in 2025

The future holds enormous opportunities, and 2025 is no exemption. One of the crucial elements to consider is maximizing effectiveness in different spheres of life. This essay will certainly review exactly how the utilization of Expert system (AI) and Machine Learning (ML) tools can enhance productivity and effectiveness in multiple domain names by 2025.

Real Estate Navigation: A 2025 Guide – Synthetic Turf Las Vegas for playgrounds

1. Synthetic Turf Las Vegas for backyards
2. Artificial Turf Las Vegas sports field turf
3. Artificial Grass Las Vegas installation
4. Artificial Grass Las Vegas fake grass installer
5. Artificial Grass Las Vegas cost per square foot

AI and ML are two of one of the most transformative modern technologies of the 21st century. They have the prospective to redefine the method we live, work, and communicate with the world. In 2025, these innovations will certainly be elder, a lot more available, and a lot more integrated into our day-to-days live, offering numerous possibilities for performance renovations.

In a business situation, AI and ML can be leveraged to automate mundane jobs, maximizing time for employees to focus on more facility and imaginative work. For instance, AI-powered

chatbots can take care of consumer inquiries, while ML algorithms can analyze vast quantities of data to offer actionable insights for tactical decision-making. This not just speeds up processes yet additionally decreases the risk of human error, thus boosting overall productivity.

In the field of education, AI and ML devices can offer customized discovering experiences, adjusting to specific learners requires in real-time. These formulas can identify locations where a trainee is having a hard time and provide customized support, therefore taking full advantage of discovering efficiency.

Real Estate Navigation: A 2025 Guide – Artificial Grass Las Vegas Las Vegas summer lawns

1. Artificial Turf Las Vegas modern yard designs
2. Artificial Turf Las Vegas installation
3. Artificial Turf Las Vegas for front yard
4. Artificial Turf Las Vegas warranty included
5. Synthetic Turf Las Vegas wholesale prices

In medical care, AI and ML can enhance diagnostics and treatment plans. Utilizing anticipating evaluation, these innovations can assist identify illness at a beginning, making treatment extra effective and effective. Furthermore, AI and ML can automate management jobs, permitting health care specialists to devote even more time to client care.

Real Estate Navigation: A 2025 Guide – Synthetic Turf Las Vegas pet friendly

1. Artificial Grass Las Vegas custom installations
2. Synthetic Turf Las Vegas best rated brands
3. Synthetic Turf Las Vegas Las Vegas home remodel
4. Artificial Turf Las Vegas low maintenance lawns
5. Artificial Turf Las Vegas child safe turf

The home front is not omitted in the performance revolution. Smart homes powered by AI and ML can automate numerous tasks, from regulating temperature level and lighting to taking care of protection systems and appliances.

Real Estate Navigation: A 2025 Guide - Artificial Grass Las Vegas Las Vegas summer lawns

1. Synthetic Turf Las Vegas for playgrounds
2. Artificial Turf Las Vegas for backyards
3. Artificial Turf Las Vegas pet friendly
4. Synthetic Turf Las Vegas pet friendly
5. Artificial Grass Las Vegas realistic looking turf

This not only boosts convenience however likewise improves power effectiveness, lowering carbon impact.

Finally, in transport, AI and ML are currently transforming the means we relocate. Self-driving vehicles, optimized logistics, anticipating maintenance, and web traffic management are just a few instances of how these technologies can enhance performance and safety.

Nonetheless, it is crucial to remember that the successful implementation of AI and ML devices calls for a careful balance. Honest considerations, privacy problems, and the risk of task displacement must be attended to. Furthermore, the prospective advantages of these modern technologies must be accessible to all, not simply a blessed few.

In conclusion, as we come close to 2025, AI and ML will unquestionably play an essential

Useful links

- <https://rocknblocklandscape.com/synthetic-grass-turf/>
- <https://rocknblocklandscape.com/artificial-grass-las-vegas-nv/>
- <https://rocknblocklandscape.com/landscaping-las-vegas/>

About Las Vegas Valley

Las Vegas Valley

Metropolitan Statistical Area

Las Vegas Strip

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Stratosphere Tower Fremont Street Experience Waldorf Astoria Las Vegas

Image not found or type unknown

Red Rock Canyon National Conservation Area The District at Green Valley Ranch

Image not found or type unknown

Left-right from top: Las Vegas Strip, Stratosphere Tower, Fremont Street Experience, Waldorf Astoria Las Vegas, Red Rock Canyon National Conservation Area, The District at Green Valley Ranch

Map

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Interactive Map of Las Vegas–Henderson, NV CSA

City of Henderson

City of North Las Vegas

Town of Enterprise

Town of Spring Valley

Town of Sunrise Manor

Town of Paradise

Town of Whitney

Town of Winchester

City of Boulder City

Nellis Air Force Base

Las Vegas–Henderson–North Las Vegas MSA (Remainder)

Pahrump μSA

City of Las Vegas

CountryUnited StatesStateNevadaLargest cityLas VegasOther major cities

- – Henderson
- – North Las Vegas
- – Enterprise
- – Spring Valley
- – Sunrise Manor
- – Paradise
- – Whitney

- – Winchester
- – Boulder City

Area

· Urban

500 sq mi (1,400 km²) · Metro

1,600 sq mi (4,100 km²) Population

(2024 estimate)

· Metropolitan Statistical Area

2,421,685 GDP

[1]

· MSA \$160.7 billion (2022) Time zone UTC-8 (PST) · Summer (DST) UTC-7 (PDT) Area code(s) 702 and 725

The **Las Vegas Valley** is a major metropolitan area in the southern part of the U.S. state of Nevada, and the second largest in the Southwestern United States. The state's largest urban agglomeration, the **Las Vegas Metropolitan Statistical Area** is coextensive since 2003 with Clark County, Nevada.^[2] The Valley is largely defined by the Las Vegas Valley land formation, a 600 sq mi (1,600 km²) basin area surrounded by mountains to the north, south, east and west of the metropolitan area. The Valley is home to the three largest incorporated cities in Nevada: Las Vegas, Henderson and North Las Vegas.^[3] Eleven unincorporated towns governed by the Clark County government are part of the Las Vegas Township and constitute the largest community in the state of Nevada.^[4]

The names **Las Vegas** and **Vegas** are interchangeably used to indicate the Valley, the Strip, and the city, and as a brand by the Las Vegas Convention and Visitors Authority to denote the region.^{[5][6]} The Valley is affectionately known as the **Ninth Island** by

Hawaii natives and Las Vegans alike, in part due to the large number of people originally from Hawaii who live in and regularly travel to Las Vegas.^[7]

Since the 1990s, the Las Vegas Valley has seen rapid growth, tripling its population from 741,459 in 1990 to 2,227,053 estimated in 2018, increasing to 2,421,685 in 2024.^[8] The Las Vegas Valley remains one of the fastest growing metropolitan areas in the United States. In its relatively short history, it has established a diverse presence in international business, commerce, urban development, and entertainment, as well as one of the most visited tourist attractions destinations in the world. In 2014, a record-breaking 41 million people visited the Las Vegas area, producing a gross metropolitan product of more than \$100 billion.^[9]

History

[\[edit\]](#)

Main article: [History of Las Vegas](#)

The first reported non-Native American visitor to the Las Vegas Valley was the Mexican scout Rafael Rivera in 1829.^{[10][11][12]} Las Vegas was named by Mexicans in the Antonio Armijo party,^[4] including Rivera, who used the water in the area while heading north and west along the Old Spanish Trail from Texas. In the 19th century, areas of the valley contained artesian wells that supported extensive green areas, or meadows, hence the name *Las Vegas* (vegas being Spanish for "meadows").^[11]

The area was previously settled by Mormon farmers in 1854 and later became the site of a United States Army fort in 1864, beginning a long relationship between southern Nevada and the U.S. military. Since the 1930s, Las Vegas has generally been identified as a gambling center as well as a resort destination, primarily targeting adults.

Nellis Air Force Base is located in the northeast corner of the valley. The ranges that the Nellis pilots use and various other land areas used by various federal agencies, limit growth of the valley in terms of geographic area.

Businessman Howard Hughes arrived in the late 1960s and purchased many casino hotels, as well as television and radio stations in the area. Legitimate corporations began to purchase casino hotels as well, and the mob was run out by the federal government over the next several years. The constant stream of tourist dollars from the hotels and

casinos was augmented by a new source of federal money from the establishment of what is now [Nellis Air Force Base](#). The influx of military personnel and casino job-hunters helped start a land building boom which is now leveling off. [[according to whom?](#)]

The Las Vegas area remains one of the world's top entertainment destinations.[\[13\]](#)[\[14\]](#)

Boundaries

[edit]

The valley is contained in the Las Vegas Valley landform. This includes the cities of Las Vegas, North Las Vegas, and Henderson, and the unincorporated towns of [Summerlin South](#), [Paradise](#), [Spring Valley](#), [Sunrise Manor](#), [Enterprise](#), [Winchester](#), and [Whitney](#). The valley is located within the larger metropolitan area, as the metropolitan area covers all of Clark County including parts that do not fall within the valley.

The government of Clark County has an "Urban Planning Area" of Las Vegas. This definition is a roughly rectangular area, about 20 mi (32 km) from east to west and 30 miles (48 km) from north to south. Notable exclusions from the "Urban Planning Area" include [Red Rock](#), [Blue Diamond](#), and [Mount Charleston](#).

The [Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department](#) is the largest police department in the valley and the state and exercises jurisdiction in the entire county. There are approximately 3,000 police officers who cover the city of Las Vegas; unincorporated areas; the town of Laughlin, about 90 mi (140 km) from [Downtown Las Vegas](#); and desert, park, and mountain areas within Clark County. The department does not exercise primary jurisdiction in areas with separate police forces such as North Las Vegas, Henderson, Boulder City, Nellis Air Force Base and the Paiute reservation.

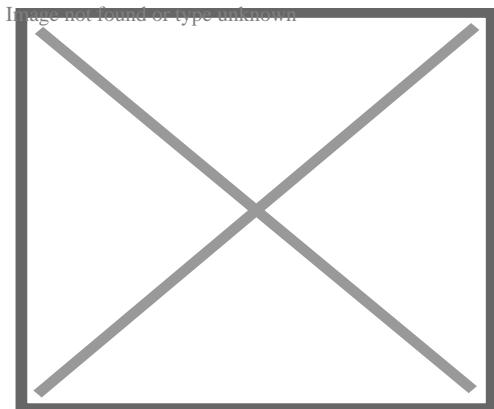
The metropolitan area was created for the 1970 census when it only included Clark County. In 2000, the metropolitan area was changed to include [Nye County, Nevada](#), and [Mohave County, Arizona](#),[\[15\]](#)[\[16\]](#)[\[17\]](#) but it later returned to only being Clark County.

The [Office of Management and Budget](#) has designated Clark County as the Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV Metropolitan Statistical Area.[\[18\]](#) The [United States Census Bureau](#) ranked the Las Vegas-Henderson-Paradise, NV Metropolitan Statistical Area as the [31st most populous metropolitan statistical area](#) of the United States as of July 1, 2012.[\[19\]](#)

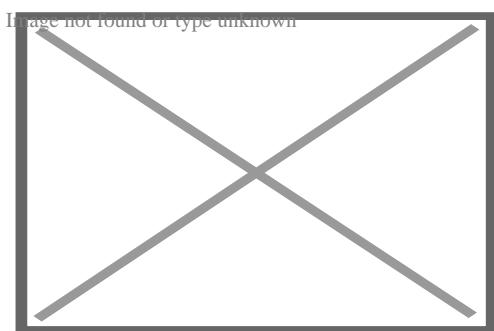
The Office of Management and Budget has further designated the Las Vegas–Henderson–Paradise, NV Metropolitan Statistical Area as a component of the more extensive [Las Vegas–Henderson, NV–AZ CSA](#),^[18] the **27th most populous combined statistical area** and the **30th most populous primary statistical area** of the United States as of July 1, 2012.^{[19][20]}

Geography and environment

[\[edit\]](#)



Las Vegas Valley viewed in [false color](#), from 438 mi (705 km) by [TERRA](#) satellite. Grass-covered land, such as golf courses, appears in red. The picture bottom is just south of Sunset Road and the airport, the Spring Mountains on the west and Sunrise Mountain on the east.



Las Vegas at night in 2010

The Las Vegas Valley lies in the [Mojave Desert](#). The valley in the northwest section is a northwest-by-southeast^[21] trending area, and trending parallel to Las Vegas Wash, lies at the northeast of the [Spring Mountains massif](#).

[U.S. Route 95](#) leaves Las Vegas's northwest and goes northwesterly through the northwest valley section, with Las Vegas Wash about 2 miles (3 km)^[22] northeast. U.S. 95 lies on the southwest perimeter of the valley bottomlands, and small [alluvial fan](#) areas

from the northeast Spring Mountains border southwest.

A "distorted surface",^[23] a playa-like region, occurs at the farthest northwest area, for about 15 to 18 miles (24 to 29 km), starting from Nevada Route 157. At Nevada Route 156, 10 miles (16 km) northwest, the distorted surface, bottom land turns north, a 6 miles (9.7 km) area in length and about 3 miles (4.8 km) wide. It lies at the south drainage section of the Three Lakes Valley, where a water divide separates Dog Bone Lake in the valley's center from the southwest washes that drain into the Las Vegas Valley (upland Las Vegas Wash).

The Corn Creek Dunes lie about 5 miles (8.0 km) southwest of Route 156's intersection with U.S. 95, and they are slightly northeast of Las Vegas Wash.

The Las Vegas Valley is around 1,600 square miles (4,100 km²).^[24] All perimeters, except the northwest, are foothills or mountain ranges, with all highway routes entering the foothills; this includes the Interstate 15 to the southwest, as it climbs to Jean Pass (north), before traversing Ivanpah Valley. Only the U.S. Route 95 northwest follows an actual valley. The northwest section, thus describes the entire landform as a central, and large valley with an attached feeder valley northwest, and in this case the northwest source, and actual course of the Las Vegas Wash.

The valley is a fault-bounded structural and hydrologic basin^[25] made of alluvial-fan deposits. There are several aquifers contained within the valley including the Las Vegas Aquifer. These heavily depleted water sources exist at about 660–980 feet (200–300 m) in depth.^[25] As of 1986, estimate show that the valley floor in Downtown Las Vegas has subsided by about 6.2 feet (1.9 m) and about 2.9 feet (0.88 m) along The Strip as a result of pumping from these aquifers.^[26]

Climate

[\[edit\]](#)

The Las Vegas Valley lies in a relatively high-altitude portion of the Mojave Desert, with a subtropical hot-desert climate. The Valley generally averages less than 5 in (130 mm) of rain annually.^[27] Daily daytime summer temperatures in July and August typically range from 100 °F (38 °C) to 110 °F (43 °C), while nights generally range from 72 °F (22 °C) to

80 °F (27 °C).^[27] Very low humidity, however, tempers the effect of these temperatures, though **dehydration**, **heat exhaustion**, and **sun stroke** can occur after even a limited time outdoors in the summer. The interiors of automobiles often prove deadly to small children and pets during the summer and surfaces exposed to the sun can cause **first- and second-degree burns** to unprotected skin. July and August can also be marked by **monsoon season**, when moist winds from the **Gulf of California** soak much of the **Southwestern United States**. While not only raising humidity levels, these winds develop into dramatic desert thunderstorms that can sometimes cause **flash flooding**.

Winter days in metropolitan Las Vegas range from mild to quite chilly, and sunny most days; while winter itself is of short duration. Winter highs in December and January usually range from 52 °F (11 °C) to 60 °F (16 °C), while nighttime lows range from 34 °F (1 °C) to 42 °F (6 °C).^[27] The mountains surrounding the valley are snow-covered during the winter season, but snow accumulation in the metropolitan area itself is uncommon. Every few years apart, however, Las Vegas does get a small measurable snowfall.

Spring and fall are generally dry and with hot, sunny days and cool nights.

Climate data for Las Vegas, Nevada

Month	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Year
Record high °F (°C)	80 (27)	89 (32)	96 (36)	102 (39)	114 (46)	117 (47)	120 (49)	116 (47)	114 (46)	103 (39)	89 (32)	91 (33)	120 (49)
Mean daily maximum °F (°C)	57.9 (14.4)	62.2 (16.8)	69.9 (21.1)	77.9 (25.5)	88.0 (31.1)	98.0 (36.7)	103.8 (39.9)	101.4 (38.6)	93.4 (34.1)	80.2 (26.8)	66.4 (19.1)	56.3 (13.5)	79.6 (26.4)
Mean daily minimum °F (°C)	37.1 (2.8)	41.0 (5.0)	46.8 (8.2)	53.3 (11.8)	63.2 (17.3)	71.7 (22.1)	77.8 (25.4)	76.3 (24.6)	68.0 (20.0)	56.0 (13.3)	44.3 (6.8)	36.6 (2.6)	56.0 (13.3)
Record low °F (°C)	8 (-13)	10 (-12)	16 (-9)	26 (-3)	28 (-2)	33 (1)	40 (4)	46 (8)	38 (3)	26 (-3)	14 (-10)	11 (-12)	8 (-13)
Average precipitation inches (mm)	0.61 (15)	0.68 (17)	0.60 (15)	0.16 (4.1)	0.25 (6.4)	0.08 (2.0)	0.43 (11)	0.46 (12)	0.31 (7.9)	0.25 (6.4)	0.33 (8.4)	0.40 (10)	4.56 (116)

Source: [28][29]

Fault zones

[edit]

The valley is an active earthquake zone crossed by multiple fault and thrust lines. These include the 20-mile (32 km) long Frenchman Mountain Fault capable of a magnitude 7 event, Whitney Mesa Fault, Cashman Fault, Valley View Fault, Decatur Fault, Eglinton Fault and the West Charleston Fault.[\[30\]](#)[\[31\]](#)[\[32\]](#)[\[33\]](#)

Air quality

[edit]

Having part of the region in a desert basin creates problems with [air quality](#). From the dust the wind picks up, to the smog produced by vehicles, to the pollen in the air, the valley has several bad air days.

[Pollen](#) can be a major problem several weeks a year, with [counts](#) occasionally in the 70,000-plus range. Local governments are trying to control this by banning plants that produce the most pollen.

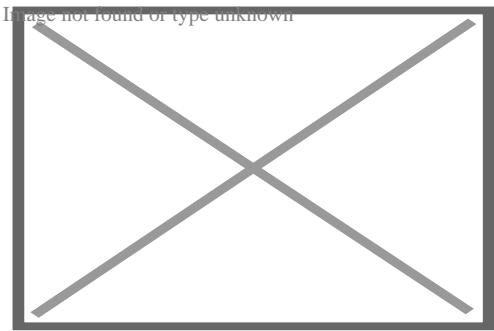
The dust problems usually happen on very windy days, so they tend to be short and seasonal. Full-fledged dust storms are rare.

Smog, on the other hand, gets worse when there is no wind to move the air out of the valley. Also, in winter it is possible for an [inversion](#) to form in the valley.

Since manufacturing is not a dominant industry of Las Vegas, and with Clark County working to control [air quality](#) problems, success has been shown over the years.

Water

[edit]



Lake Mead shown behind Hoover Dam on the Colorado River

The native **flora** does little to help the **soil** retain water. During the intense rains of **monsoon** season or (relatively) wet months of January and February, a network of dry natural channels, called washes or **arroyos**, carved into the valley floor allows water to flow down from the mountains and converge in the **Las Vegas Wash** which runs through the **Clark County Wetlands Park**. The wash system used to form a large natural wetlands which then flowed into the **Colorado River**, until the construction of **Hoover Dam** on the Colorado River led to the creation of Lake Mead. Further development in the 1980s and 1990s made **Lake Las Vegas**, which required directing the Las Vegas Wash into tunnels which run under Lake Las Vegas and into **Lake Mead**.

Nevada receives an allocation 300,000 acre-feet (370,000,000 m³) of water[34] each year from Lake Mead, with credits for water it returns to the lake. The allocations were made with the **Colorado River Compact** when Nevada had a much smaller population and very little agriculture. The allocations were also made during a wet string of years, which overstated the available water in the entire watershed. As a result, precipitation that is below normal for a few years can significantly affect the Colorado River reservoirs. The Las Vegas area uses most of this allocation with **Laughlin, Nevada** using most of the remaining allocation. In June 2007, the price of a cubic meter was 57 cents in Las Vegas.[35] Las Vegas gets around 90 percent of its water from Lake Mead.[36]

Early Vegas depended on the **aquifer** which fed the flowing springs supporting the meadows that gave the area its name, but the pumping of water from these caused a large drop in the water levels and ground subsidence over wide areas of the valley. Today, the aquifers are basically used to store water that is pumped from the lake during periods of low demand and pumped out during periods of high demand.

Urbanization

[edit]

The population doubling time in the greater metropolitan area was under ten years, since the early 1970s and the Las Vegas metropolitan area now has a population approaching three million people.^[8] This rapid population growth led to a significant **urbanization** of desert lands into industrial and commercial areas (see **suburbia**).

Economy

[edit]

Four-segment panorama of the Cosmopolitan, Bellagio, and Caesars Palace (left to right)

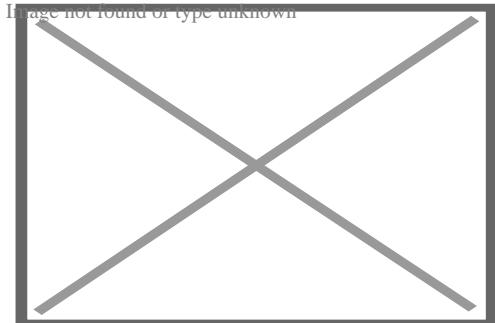
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Four-segment panorama of the Cosmopolitan, Bellagio, and Caesars Palace (left to right) from the Las Vegas Strip, across from the Bellagio fountains.

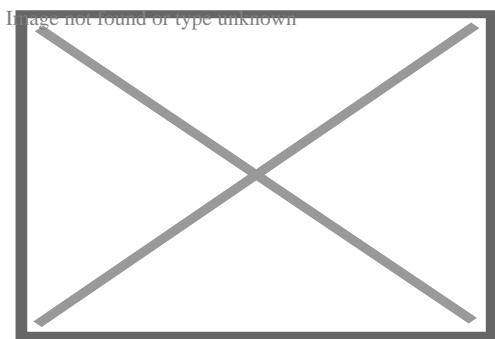
The driving economic force in Las Vegas is the **tourism industry**. The area has about 150,000 hotel rooms, more than any other city in the world.^[37] In the past, casinos and celebrity shows were the two major attractions for the area. Now **shopping, conventions, fine dining**, and outdoor beauty [*clarification needed*] are also major forces in attracting tourist dollars.

Las Vegas serves as world headquarters for the world's largest **Fortune 500** gaming company, **MGM Resorts International**.^[38] Several companies involved in the manufacture of electronic gaming machines, such as **slot machines**, are located in the

Las Vegas area. In the first decade of the 21st century, shopping and dining have become attractions of their own. Tourism marketing and promotion are handled by the [Las Vegas Convention and Visitors Authority](#), a county-wide agency. Its annual Visitors Survey provides detailed information on visitor numbers, spending patterns, and resulting revenues.[\[39\]](#)



The [Las Vegas Strip](#) looking south at night



Exterior of the [Palazzo](#) hotel. A major part of the city economy is based on tourism including gambling and ultra-luxury hotels.

While Las Vegas has historically attracted high-stake gamblers from around the world, it is now facing tougher competition from the UK, Hong Kong and Macau (China), Eastern Europe and developing areas in the Middle East.[\[40\]](#)

Las Vegas has recently enjoyed a boom in population and tourism. The urban area has grown outward so quickly that it borders [Bureau of Land Management](#) holdings along its edges. This has led to an increase in land values such that medium- and high-density development is occurring closer to the core. The [Chinatown of Las Vegas](#) was constructed in the early 1990s on Spring Mountain Road. Chinatown initially consisted of only one large shopping center complex, but the area was expanded with shopping centers that contain various Asian businesses. Over the past few years, retirees have been moving to the metro area, driving businesses that support them from housing to health care.

While the cost of housing spiked up over 40% in 2004, the lack of **business** and **income taxes** still makes Nevada an attractive place for many companies to relocate to or expand existing operations. Being a true twenty-four-hour city, **call centers** have always seemed to find Las Vegas a good place to hire workers who are accustomed to working at all hours. [citation needed]

The **construction industry** accounts for a share of the economy in Las Vegas. Hotel casinos planned for the Strip can take years to build and employ thousands of workers. Developers discovered that there was demand for **high-end condominiums**.[41] By 2005, **more than 100 condominium buildings** were in various stages of development,[42] however, in 2008, the construction industry went into a downturn due to the **Great Recession**, though the industry has since seen a rebound.

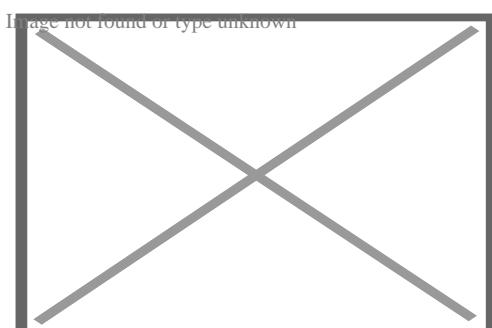
In 2000, more than 21,000 new homes and 26,000 resale homes were purchased. In early 2005, there were 20 residential development projects of more than 300 acres (120 ha) each underway. During that same period, Las Vegas was regarded as the fastest-growing community in the **United States**.

Other promising residential and office developments have begun construction around **Downtown Las Vegas**. New condominium and high-rise hotel projects have changed the Las Vegas skyline dramatically in recent years. Many large high-rise projects are planned for Downtown Las Vegas, as well as the Las Vegas Strip.[43]

Construction

[edit]

See also: [List of tallest buildings in Las Vegas](#)



Construction on The Strip (2009)

Construction in Las Vegas is a major industry and quickly growing with the population. In March 2011, construction employed 40,700 people and is expected to grow with the recovering economy.^[44] Since the mega resorts that define Las Vegas today began going up in the early 1970s, construction has played a vital role in both commercial and non commercial developments. Cranes are a constant part of the Las Vegas Skyline. At any given time there are 300 new homes being constructed in Las Vegas.^[citation needed] In addition, in recent years^[when?] Las Vegas has seen a spike in high-rise housing units. New suburban master planned communities are also becoming common in Las Vegas ever since [The Howard Hughes Corporation](#) began work on Summerlin, an upper-class community on the west side of the valley.

The massive [CityCenter](#) project, by [MGM Mirage](#), broke ground on the Strip in 2006.^[45] It put a massive strain on the construction ability and workforce of the area due to number of laborers and amount of materials required. Because of this, prices of almost any construction project in Las Vegas doubled.^[citation needed] The project was completed in 2009 and includes multiple hotels and condominiums, as well as shopping and a casino. At a cost of \$8.5 billion, it is the most expensive privately funded construction project in U.S. history.^[46]

The Tropicana Hotel, opened in 1957, will be demolished in April 2025 in order to create a new baseball stadium.^[47] [Bally's Corporation](#), the owner of the hotel, indicated that upon completion of the stadium it would further develop the site.^[48]

Housing

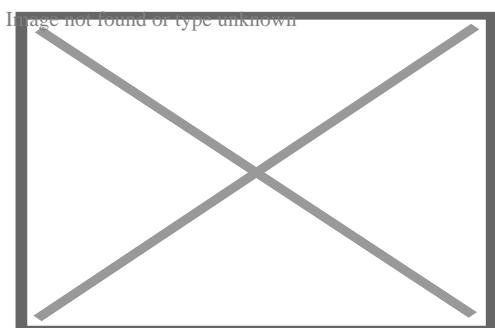
[\[edit\]](#)

Traditionally, housing consisted primarily of [single-family detached homes](#). [Slab-on-grade foundations](#) are the common base for residential buildings in the valley. [Apartments](#) generally were two-story buildings. Until the 1990s, there were exceptions, but they were few and far between. In the 1990s, [Turnberry Associates](#) constructed the first high rise condominium towers. Prior to this, there were only a handful of mid-rise multi-family buildings. By the mid-2000s, there was a major move into high rise condominiums towers, which affected the region's [skyline](#) around the Strip.

The Las Vegas Valley is home to various suburban master planned communities that include extensive recreational amenities such as lakes, golf courses, parks, bike paths and jogging trails. Planned communities in the valley include [Aliante](#), [Anthem](#), [Cadence](#), [Centennial Hills](#), [Green Valley](#), [Inspirada](#), [Lake Las Vegas](#), [The Lakes](#), [Mountain's Edge](#), [Peccole Ranch](#), [Providence](#), [Rhodes Ranch](#), [Seven Hills](#), [Skye Canyon](#), [Southern Highlands](#), and [Summerlin](#).

Technology companies

[edit]



A full-scale mockup of Bigelow Aerospace's Space Station Alpha inside their facility in [North Las Vegas](#)

Some technology companies have either relocated to Las Vegas or were created there. For various reasons, Las Vegas has had a high concentration of technology companies in electronic gaming and telecommunications industries. [[further explanation needed](#)]

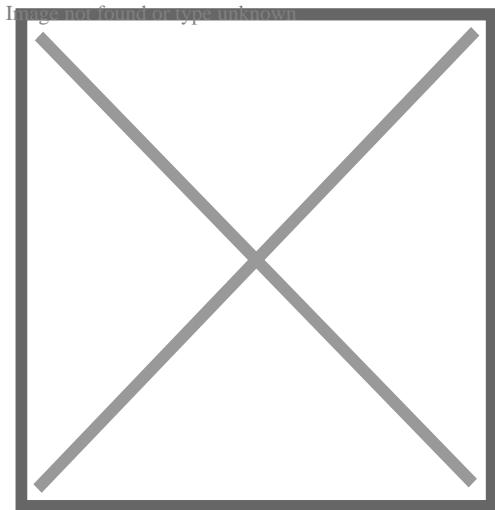
Some current technology companies in southern Nevada include: [Bigelow Aerospace](#), [Petroglyph](#), [Switch Communications](#), US Support LLC, Fanatics, and [Zappos](#).

In 2015, [Electric vehicle](#) startup [Faraday Future](#) has chosen North Las Vegas's Apex Industrial Park for its \$1 billion car factory.

Companies that originally were formed in the Las Vegas region, but have since sold or relocated include [Westwood Studios](#) (sold to [Electronic Arts](#)), [Systems Research & Development](#) (Sold to [IBM](#)), [Yellowpages.com](#) (Sold to [BellSouth](#) and [SBC](#)), and [MPower Communications](#).

Tourism

[edit]



The [Welcome to Fabulous Las Vegas sign](#)

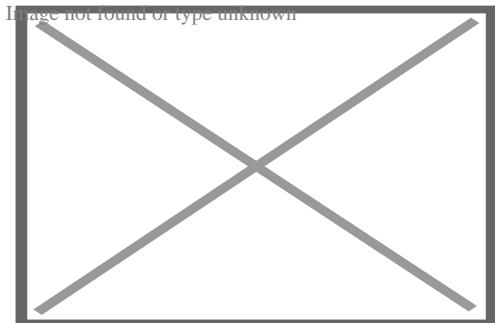
The major attractions in the Las Vegas Valley are the hotel/casinos. These hotels generally consist of large gambling areas, theaters for live performances, shopping, bars/clubs, and several restaurants and cafes. There are clusters of large hotel/casinos located in both [downtown Las Vegas](#) and on the [Las Vegas Strip](#). The largest hotels are mainly located on the Strip,[49] which is a four-mile section of Las Vegas Boulevard. These hotels provide thousands of rooms of various sizes. Fifteen of the world's 30 largest hotels by room count are on the Strip, with a total of over 62,000 rooms. There are many hotel/casinos in the city's downtown area as well, which was the original focal point of the Valley's gaming industry. Several hotel/casinos ranging from large to small are also located around the city and metro area. Many of the largest hotel, casino, and resort properties in the world are located on the Las Vegas Strip.

The valley's casinos can be grouped into several locations. The largest is the Las Vegas Strip, followed by Downtown Las Vegas, and then the smaller [Boulder Strip](#). There are also several one-off single standing hotel/casinos dotted around the valley and the metro area.

In 2011, the majority of tourists arrived from the western states (55%) with 31% from California alone. Approximately 16% of tourists arrived from outside North America.[50]

Shopping

[edit]



Chanel and Giorgio Armani boutiques at Via Bellagio

Las Vegas has expanded its attractiveness to visitors by offering both affordable and high-end merchandise in many shops and shopping malls. Many hotels on the Las Vegas Strip also have adjacent shopping malls, giving the Las Vegas area the highest concentration of shopping malls in any four mile stretch of road. In addition to the malls on the Strip, there are several outlying malls in the City of Las Vegas, Henderson, and the surrounding area. The [monorail](#), lying somewhat east of the Strip, facilitates north–south travel, including stations at several casinos and the [Las Vegas Convention Center](#).

Major shopping attractions include:

- [Bonanza Gift Shop](#)
- [The Boulevard Mall](#)
- [Broadacres Marketplace](#)^[a]
- [The Shops at Crystals](#)
- [Downtown Summerlin](#)
- [Galleria at Sunset](#)
- [Grand Canal Shoppes](#)
- [Fantastic Indoor Swap Meet](#)^[b]
- [Fashion Show Mall](#)
- [The Forum Shops at Caesars](#)
- [Las Vegas Premium Outlets](#)

- Meadows Mall
- Miracle Mile Shops
- Stratosphere Tower Shops
- Tivoli Village
- Town Square

Conventions

[edit]

Las Vegas holds many of the world's largest conventions each year, including CES, SEMA, and Conexpo. The Las Vegas Convention Center is one of the largest in the world with 1,940,631 sq ft (180,290.5 m²) of exhibit space. These events bring in an estimated \$7.4 billion of revenue to the city each year, and host over 5 million attendees.[60][61]

- Las Vegas Boulevard facing south and Planet Hollywood Las Vegas

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Las Vegas
Boulevard facing
south and Planet
Hollywood Las
Vegas
Fremont East

-

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- Fremont East
- The Bellagio (left) and Caesar's Palace (right)

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- The Bellagio (left)
and Caesar's Palace
(right)
- MacDonald Highlands, one of many affluent neighborhoods in the valley

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MacDonald Highlands,
one of many affluent
neighborhoods in the
valley

- CityCenter complex

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CityCenter
complex
Wynn Las Vegas

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- Wynn Las Vegas
- The Fashion Show Mall

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The Fashion
Show Mall

- Fountains of Bellagio

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Fountains of
Bellagio

[Crystals at CityCenter](#)

o

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[Crystals at](#)

[CityCenter](#)

o [High Roller](#)

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[High](#)

[Roller](#)

o [The Forum Shops at Caesars](#)

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[The Forum Shops at](#)

[Caesars](#)

[Red Rock Canyon National Conservation Area](#)

o

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[Red Rock Canyon](#)

[National Conservation](#)

[Area](#)

o [Las Vegas Arts District](#)

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[Las Vegas Arts District](#)

Seven Magic Mountains

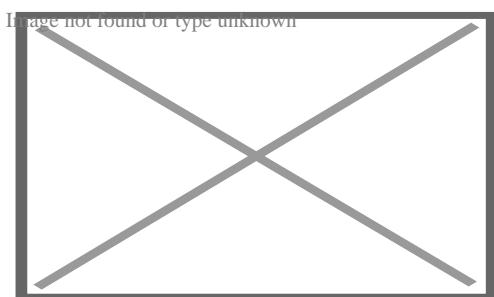
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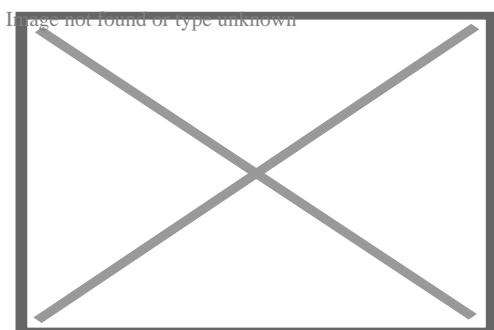
Seven Magic Mountains

Culture and the arts

[edit]



The [Smith Center for the Performing Arts](#) located in downtown Las Vegas



Reynolds Hall main stage at The Smith Center

The "First Friday" celebration, held on the first Friday of each month, exhibits the works of local artists and musicians in an area just south of downtown. The city is home to an extensive [Downtown Arts District](#) which hosts numerous galleries, film festivals, and events.^[62]

The [Southern Nevada Zoological-Botanical Park](#), also known as the [Las Vegas Zoo](#), used to exhibit over 150 species of animals and plants. The Zoo closed its doors in September 2013.^[63]

The [Shark Reef Aquarium](#) at Mandalay Bay is the only aquarium that is accredited by the [Association of Zoos and Aquariums](#) in the state of Nevada. It features over 2,000

animals and 1,200 species in 1.6 million gallons of seawater.

The \$485 million [Smith Center for the Performing Arts](#) is located downtown in [Symphony Park](#). The center is appropriate for Broadway shows and other major touring attractions as well as orchestral, opera, choir, jazz, and dance performances.

[Bellagio Gallery of Fine Art](#) is a facility presenting high-quality art exhibitions from major national and international museums. Past exhibits have included the works of [Andy Warhol](#), [Alexander Calder](#), and [Peter Carl Fabergé](#). A self-guided audio tour is also offered.

The [Las Vegas Natural History Museum](#) features robot dinosaurs, live fish, and more than 26 species of preserved animals. There are several "hands-on" areas where animals can be petted.

The [Atomic Testing Museum](#), affiliated with the [Smithsonian Institution](#), houses artifacts from the [Nevada Test Site](#) and records the dramatic history of the atomic age through a series of interactive modules, timelines, films, and actual equipment and gadgets from the site.

In 2019, [The New York Times](#) noted that there was a "burgeoning literary scene" at Las Vegas centered around the Black Mountain Institute, a literature organization at the [University of Nevada, Las Vegas](#), and its literary magazine, [The Believer](#).^[64]

The valley is home to numerous other art galleries, orchestras, ballets, theaters, sculptures, and museums as well.

Festivals

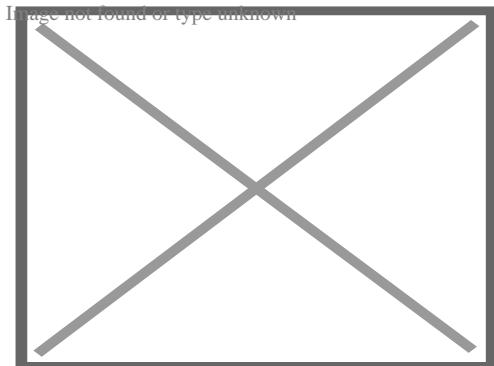
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- [CineVegas](#)
- [Helldorado Days](#)
- [Electric Daisy Carnival](#)
- [Feast of San Gennaro](#)
- [Las Vegas Pride Festival](#)

- The Dam Short Film Festival[nb1 1]
- Life is Beautiful
-

Gardens

[edit]

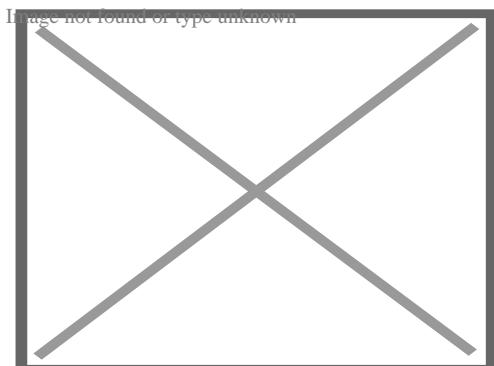


The [Bellagio Conservatory & Botanical Gardens](#)

- Alan Bible Botanical Garden
- Ethel M Botanical Cactus Garden
- Bellagio Conservatory & Botanical Gardens
- The Gardens at the Las Vegas Springs Preserve
- UNLV Arboretum

Libraries and bookstores

[edit]



The Lied Library

- [The Writer's Block](#)
- [Architecture Studies Library](#)
- [Las Vegas–Clark County Library District](#)
- [Lied Library \(at UNLV\)](#)
- [North Las Vegas Library District](#)

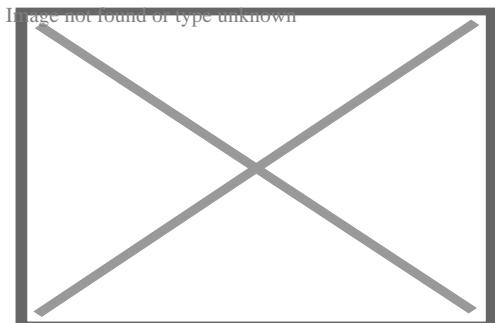
Museums

[edit]

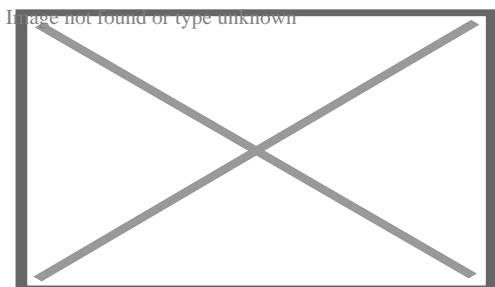
- [Atomic Testing Museum](#)
- [Burlesque Hall of Fame](#)
- [Clark County Heritage Museum](#)
- [Discovery Children's Museum](#)
- [Erotic Heritage Museum](#)
- [Howard W. Cannon Aviation Museum](#)
- [The Linq Auto Collection](#)
- [Las Vegas Art Museum](#)
- [Las Vegas Museum of Organized Crime and Law Enforcement](#)
- [Las Vegas Natural History Museum](#)
- [Liberace Museum](#)
- [Lost City Museum\[nb11\]](#)
- [Madame Tussauds](#)
- [Marjorie Barrick Museum \(at UNLV\)](#)
- [Neon Museum](#)
- [Nevada State Museum](#)
- [Nevada Southern Railroad Museum](#)
- [Pinball Hall of Fame](#)
- [Shelby Museum](#)
- [Southern Nevada Museum of Fine Art](#)
- [Thunderbirds Museum](#)

Parks and attractions

[edit]



Wildflowers in [Red Rock Canyon National Conservation Area](#)



[Mount Charleston](#)

- [Acacia Demonstration Gardens](#)
- [The Amanda & Stacy Darling Memorial Tennis Center](#)
- [Bettye Wilson Soccer Complex](#)
- [Clark County Shooting Park](#)
- [Clark County Wetlands Park](#)
- [Floyd Lamb Park at Tule Springs](#)
- [Hoover Dam\[nb1 1\]](#)
- [Lake Mead National Recreation Area\[nb1 1\]](#)
- [Las Vegas Motor Speedway](#)
- [Las Vegas Springs Preserve](#)
- [Mount Charleston\[nb1 1\]](#)
- [Old Las Vegas Mormon Fort State Historic Park](#)
- [Red Rock Canyon National Conservation Area](#)
- [Spring Mountains National Recreation Area\[nb1 1\]](#)
- [Sunset Park](#)

- Tule Springs Fossil Beds National Monument
- Valley of Fire State Park[nb11]
- Cowabunga Canyon Waterpark[65]

Theaters

[edit]

- Huntridge Theater
- Lance Burton Theatre
- Las Vegas Little Theater
- The Smith Center for the Performing Arts
- Theatre for the Performing Arts

Wildlife

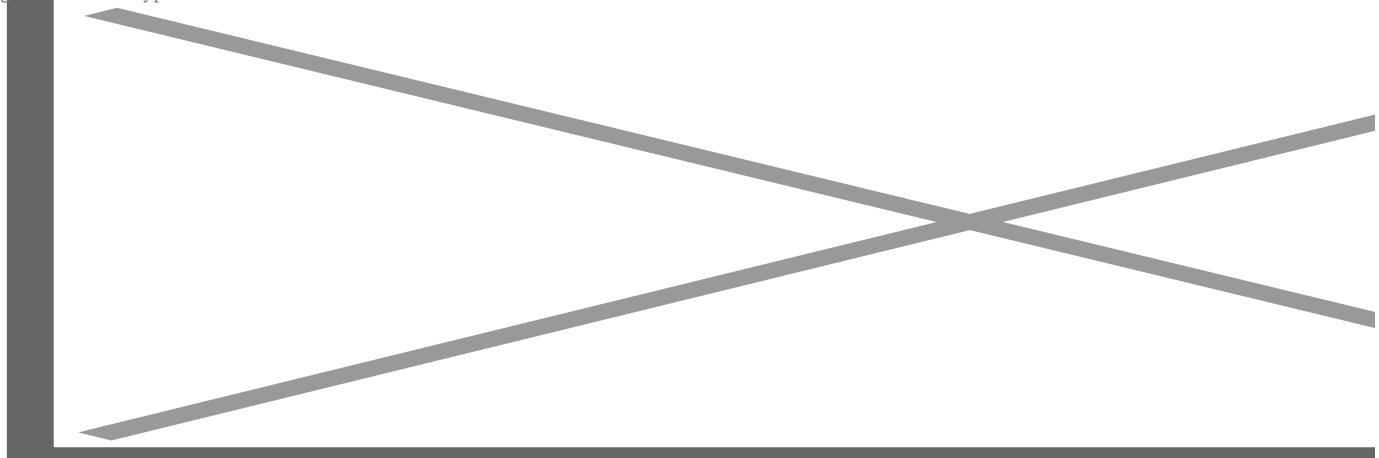
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- Southern Nevada Zoological-Botanical Park
- Shark Reef at Mandalay Bay
- Siegfried & Roy's Secret Garden and Dolphin Habitat

1. ^ **a b c d e f g** While outside of the Valley, considered to be a Las Vegas destination due to close proximity.

Communities

[edit]



The [Las Vegas Strip](#) in 2004, as seen from the top of the Rio. The Strip is largely within [Paradise](#).

Cities

[\[edit\]](#)

- [Boulder City](#)
- [Henderson](#)
- [Las Vegas](#)
- [North Las Vegas](#)

Las Vegas neighborhoods

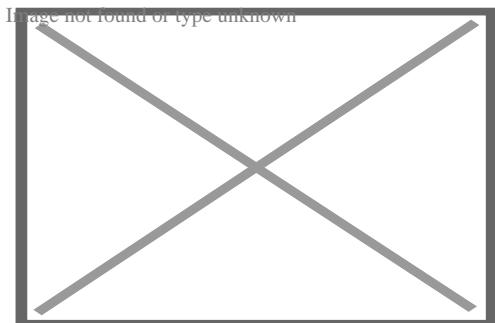
[\[edit\]](#)

- [Aliante](#)
- [Anthem/Anthem Country Club](#)
- [Cadence](#)
- [Centennial Hills](#)
- [Chinatown](#)
- [Downtown Las Vegas](#)
- [Green Valley](#)
- [Lake Las Vegas](#)

- Las Vegas Country Club
- MacDonald Highlands
- Mountain's Edge
- Paradise Palms
- Queensridge & One Queensridge Place
- Red Rock Country Club
- Rhodes Ranch
- Seven Hills
- Southern Highlands
- Southern Highlands Golf Club
- Summerlin
- Summerlin South
- The Lakes
- The Ridges
- Tuscany Village
- West Las Vegas

Census-designated places

[edit]



The entrance to Summerlin, an affluent planned community

- Blue Diamond
- Enterprise
- Paradise
- Spring Valley
- Summerlin South

- Sunrise Manor
- Whitney
- Winchester

Other communities

[edit]

- Sloan

Media

[edit]

Newspapers

[edit]

- *Las Vegas Review-Journal*, the area's largest daily newspaper, is published every morning. It was formed in 1909 but has roots back to 1905. It is the largest newspaper in Nevada and is ranked as one of the top 25 newspapers in the United States by circulation. In 2000, the Review-Journal installed the largest newspaper printing press in the world. It cost \$40 million, weighs 910 tons and consists of 16 towers.^[66] The newspaper was owned by casino magnate Sheldon Adelson, who purchased the newspaper for \$140 million in December 2015. In 2018, the Review-Journal received the *Sigma Delta Chi Award* from the *Society of Professional Journalists* for reporting the *2017 Las Vegas shooting*. In 2018, *Editor and Publisher magazine* named the Review-Journal as one of 10 newspapers in the United States "doing it right".^[67]
- *Las Vegas Sun* is a daily 8-page newspaper distributed as a section of the Review-Journal. It is owned by the Greenspun family and is affiliated with *Greenspun Media Group*. The Sun was founded in 1950 and in 1989 entered into a *Joint Operating Agreement* with the Review-Journal, which runs through 2040. It has been described as "politically liberal."^[68] In 2009, the Sun was awarded a *Pulitzer Prize*

for Public Service for coverage of the high death rate of construction workers on the Las Vegas Strip amid lax enforcement of regulations.

- *Las Vegas Weekly* is a free alternative weekly newspaper based in Henderson, Nevada. It covers Las Vegas arts, entertainment, culture and news. Las Vegas Weekly was founded in 1992 and is published by Greenspun Media Group.

Broadcast

[\[edit\]](#)

Las Vegas is served by 22 television and 46 radio stations. The area is also served by two NOAA Weather Radio transmitters (162.55 MHz located in Boulder City and 162.40 MHz located on Mount Potosi).

- [Radio stations in Las Vegas](#)
- [Television stations in Las Vegas](#)

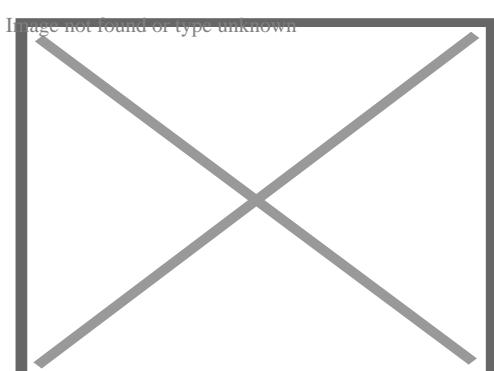
Magazines

[\[edit\]](#)

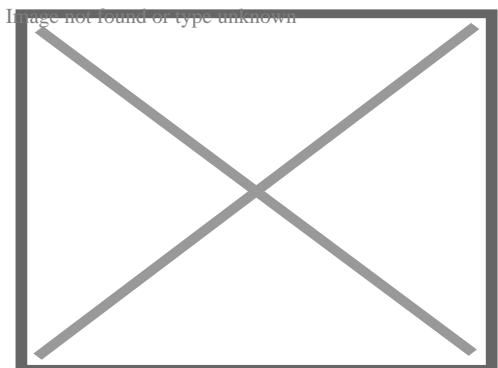
- [Desert Companion](#)
- [Las Vegas Weekly](#)
- [Luxury Las Vegas](#)

Transportation

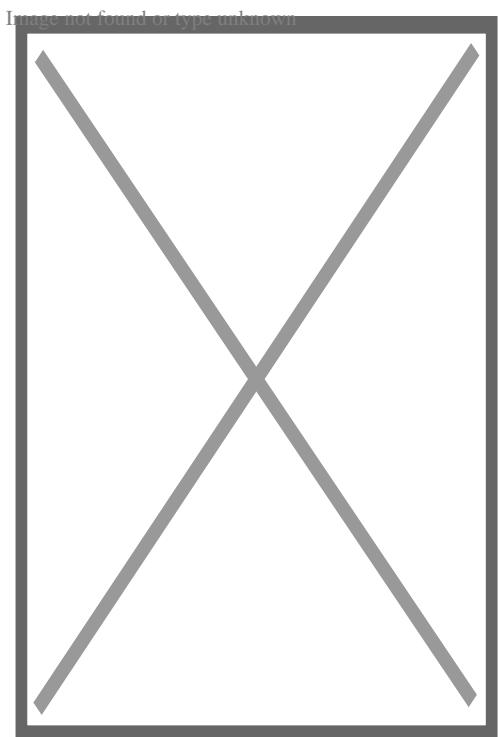
[\[edit\]](#)



The Las Vegas Monorail pulling into the Sahara station in Paradise



Harry Reid International Airport Terminal 3



A JetBlue Airbus A320 taking off from Harry Reid International Airport

Harry Reid International Airport (LAS) provides commercial flights into the Las Vegas Valley. The airport serves domestic, international and cargo flights, as well as some private aircraft. General aviation traffic, however, will typically use the much smaller North Las Vegas Airport or other airfields in the county. Public transportation is provided by RTC Transit. Numerous bus routes cover Las Vegas, Henderson, North Las Vegas and other suburban areas.

The Las Vegas Monorail runs from MGM Grand Las Vegas at the south end of the Strip to the Sahara Las Vegas at the north end of the Strip. The street numbering system is divided by the following streets:

- Westcliff Drive, [US 95](#), [Fremont Street](#) and [Charleston Boulevard](#) divide the north–south block numbers from west to east.
- [Las Vegas Boulevard](#) divides the east–west streets from the Las Vegas Strip to near the Stratosphere, then Main Street becomes the dividing line from the Stratosphere to the North Las Vegas border, after which the Goldfield Street alignment officially divides east and west.
- On the east side of Las Vegas, block numbers between Charleston Boulevard and Washington Avenue are different along Nellis Boulevard, which is the eastern border of the city limits.
- All city street signs begin with a *N*, *S*, *W* or *E* designation.

Until 1997, the [Amtrak Desert Wind](#) train service ran through Las Vegas using the [Union Pacific Railroad](#) (UP) rails that run through the city; Amtrak service to Las Vegas has since been replaced by Amtrak's Thruway Motorcoach bus service. Plans to restore Los Angeles to Las Vegas Amtrak service using a [Talgo](#) train have been discussed but no plan for a replacement has been implemented. The Las Vegas Amtrak station was located in the [Plaza Hotel](#). It had the distinction of being the only train station located in a casino.

Airports

[\[edit\]](#)

- [Henderson Executive Airport](#)
- [Ivanpah Valley Airport](#) (planned)
- [Harry Reid International Airport](#)
- [North Las Vegas Airport](#)

Rail and bus

[\[edit\]](#)

While the Las Vegas area does not have any passenger rail service, Brightline West intends to revive passenger trains with a high-speed train between the Las Vegas station and the Rancho Cucamonga station in Greater Los Angeles.

Las Vegas receives about 30 freight trains per day as of 2004, and serves as a district crew change point, requiring all trains to stop in downtown. Freight traffic was 179,284 cars in 2004.[69]

Existing services

[edit]

- RTC Transit
- Las Vegas Monorail

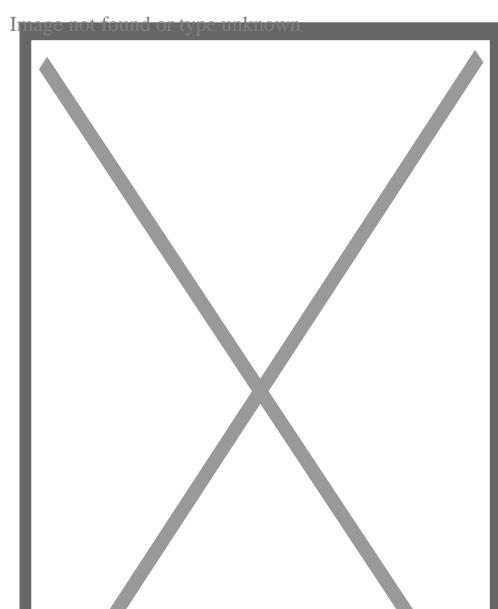
Resort trams

[edit]

- *Aria Express*
- *Mandalay Bay Tram*
- *The Mirage-Treasure Island Tram*

Roads

[edit]



Las Vegas Boulevard looking south from the Stratosphere

Two major freeways—Interstate 15 and Interstate 11 (including US 93 and US 95)—cross in downtown Las Vegas. I-15 connects Las Vegas to Los Angeles and San Diego, and heads northeast to Salt Lake City and beyond. I-11 goes northwest to the Las Vegas Paiute Indian Reservation and southeast to Henderson, bypassing downtown Boulder City just to the south, and then to the Mike O'Callaghan–Pat Tillman Memorial Bridge over the Colorado River, from there U.S. Route 93 continues towards Phoenix, Arizona. I-11 will eventually be the connection from Nogales, Arizona to the Reno and Sparks vicinity of either Fernley or at the Reno Spaghetti Bowl in Reno when completed. US 95 connects the city to northwestern Nevada, including Carson City (the state capitol) and Reno. US 93 splits from I-15 northeast of Las Vegas and goes north through the northeastern part of the state, serving Ely and Wells and US 95 heads south from I-11 and US 93 in Boulder City through far southeastern California. A three-quarters of the Las Vegas Beltway has been built, consisting of Interstate 215 on the south and Clark County 215 on the west and north. Other radial routes include SR 160 to Pahrump and SR 147 and SR 564 (former SR 146) to Lake Mead.

With the notable exceptions of Las Vegas Boulevard, Boulder Highway and Tonopah Highway (better known as the northern part of Rancho Drive), the majority of surface streets outside downtown Las Vegas are laid out along Public Land Survey System section lines. Many are maintained, in part, by the Nevada Department of Transportation (NDOT) as state highways.

East–west roads, north to south[70]

- Elkhorn Road
-  Las Vegas Beltway (CC 215)
- Ann Road
-  Craig Road (SR 573)
-  Cheyenne Avenue (SR 574)
- Carey Avenue
-  Lake Mead Boulevard (SR 147)
-  Washington Avenue (SR 578)
-  Summerlin Parkway (SR 613) – on the west side past Rainbow Boulevard
-  Bonanza Road (SR 579)

-   **Interstate 11 and US 95** – on the west side of the valley
-   **– Interstate 11, US 93 and US 95** on the east side of the valley
-  **Charleston Boulevard (SR 159)**
- **Sahara Avenue** (former SR 589)
- **Desert Inn Road**
- **Spring Mountain Road** (former **SR 591**)
-  **Flamingo Road** (SR 592)
-  **Tropicana Avenue** (SR 593)
-  **Russell Road** (SR 594)
-  **Sunset Road** (**SR 562**)
- **Warm Springs Road**
-  **Blue Diamond Road** (**SR 160**)
-  **Las Vegas Beltway** (I-215)
-  **Lake Mead Parkway** (formerly Lake Mead Drive) (**SR 564**)
- **Horizon Ridge Parkway**
-  **Saint Rose Parkway** (formerly Lake Mead Drive) (**SR 146**)

North-south roads, west to east

-  **Las Vegas Beltway** (CC 215)
- **Durango Drive**
- **Buffalo Drive**
-  **Rainbow Boulevard** (SR 595)
-  **Jones Boulevard** (SR 596)
- **Decatur Boulevard**
- **Valley View Boulevard**
- **Dean Martin Drive** (formerly Industrial Road)
-  **Interstate 15**
-  **Las Vegas Boulevard** (**SR 604**)
-  **Rancho Drive** (**SR 599**)
-  **Paradise Road** (**SR 605**)
- **Maryland Parkway**
-  **Eastern Avenue** (**SR 607**)
- **Pecos Road**
-    **– Interstate 11, US 93 and US 95** south of Charleston Boulevard

-  **Lamb Boulevard (SR 610)**
-  **Nellis Boulevard (SR 612)**

Major Freeways

-  **Interstate 11**
-  **Interstate 15**
-  **Las Vegas Beltway (I-215)**
-  **Las Vegas Beltway (CC 215)**
-  **US 95**
-  **Summerlin Parkway (SR 613)**

Fuel

[\[edit\]](#)

The Las Vegas area is dependent on imported gasoline, diesel and aviation fuel as is most of Nevada, which has only one refinery. The region is dependent on the [Calnev Pipeline](#) and [Unev pipeline](#) as its two main sources of supply. Limited diesel is delivered to a dedicated terminal in North Las Vegas by rail. Diversified supply was provided by the completion of construction on the Unev pipeline in 2011 and its full operational status in 2012.

Electricity

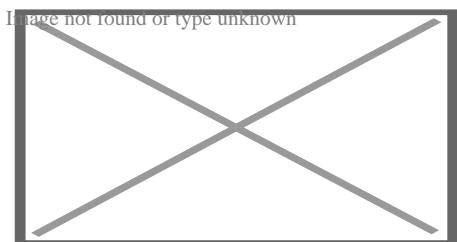
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About 25% of the electric power from Hoover Dam goes to Nevada,[\[71\]](#) and about 70% of power to Southern Nevada comes from natural gas fired power stations.[\[72\]](#)

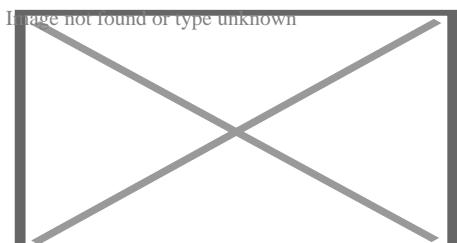
Sports

[\[edit\]](#)

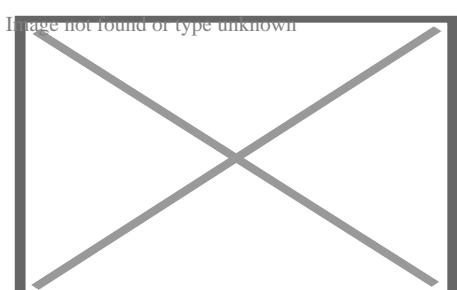
Main article: [Sports in the Las Vegas metropolitan area](#)



Allegiant Stadium



T-Mobile Arena as seen from Toshiba Plaza



The Wynn Golf Club

Las Vegas is home to several notable minor league teams, as well as the [UNLV Rebels](#), and three major professional teams, the [Las Vegas Raiders](#) of the [National Football League](#), the [Vegas Golden Knights](#) of the [National Hockey League](#), and the [Las Vegas Aces](#) of the [Women's National Basketball Association](#). The [Oakland Athletics](#) of Major League Baseball plan to move to Las Vegas in 2028.

Professional sports teams

Club	Sport	League	Venue (capacity)	Since	Titles
Las Vegas Raiders	Football	NFL	Allegiant Stadium (65,000)	2020	3[c]
Vegas Golden Knights	Ice hockey	NHL	T-Mobile Arena (17,368)	2017	1
Las Vegas Aces	Basketball	WNBA	Michelob Ultra Arena (12,000)	2018	2
Las Vegas Aviators	Baseball	PCL	Las Vegas Ballpark (10,000)	1983	2
Henderson Silver Knights	Ice hockey	AHL	Dollar Loan Center (5,567)	2021	0

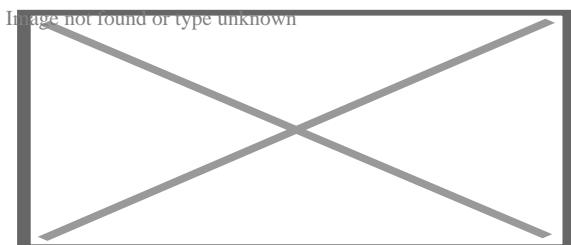
Las Vegas Lights FC	Soccer	USLC	Cashman Field (9,300)	2018	0
Las Vegas Desert Dogs	Box Lacrosse	NLL	Michelob Ultra Arena (12,000)	2021	1

Recreation

[edit]

Las Vegas has many natural outdoor recreational options.

There are several multi-use trail systems within the valley operated by multiple organizations. The [River Mountains Loop Trail](#) is a 35-mile-long (56 km) trail that connects the west side of the valley with Hoover Dam and Lake Mead.^[73] [Summerlin](#) offers more than 150 miles of award-winning trails within the 22,500-acre (9,100 ha) community.^[74] There are also the 3-mile (4.8 km) Angel Park Trail, Bonanza Trail, and the county's Flamingo Arroyo Trail,^[75] I-215 West Beltway Trail (5 miles (8.0 km)), I-215 East Beltway Trail (4 miles (6.4 km)), Tropicana/Flamingo Washes Trail and the Western Trails Park Area Equestrian Trails (4 miles).^{[76][77]}



Sunset Park at dusk

The Las Vegas Valley also hosts world class mountain biking including [Bootleg Canyon Mountain Bike Park](#) located in Boulder City which boasts itself as one of the International Mountain Biking Association's "epic rides".^[78]

Education

[edit]

Primary and secondary

[edit]

The [Clark County School District](#) operates all of the public primary and secondary schools in the county with the exception of 37 sponsored public charter schools.

Selected private schools

[Alexander Dawson School](#)

[Bishop Gorman High School](#)

[Faith Lutheran Jr/Sr High School](#)

[The Meadows School](#)

Colleges and universities

[\[edit\]](#)

The [University of Nevada, Las Vegas](#) (UNLV) is in [Paradise](#), about three miles (5 km) south of the Las Vegas city limits and roughly two miles east of the Strip. Several national colleges, including the [University of Phoenix](#) and [Le Cordon Bleu](#), have campuses in the Las Vegas area. [Nevada State College](#), [National University](#) and [Touro University Nevada](#) are nearby [Henderson](#). The [College of Southern Nevada](#) has campuses in Las Vegas, North Las Vegas and Henderson. Henderson also is home to [DeVry University](#), as well as the [Roseman University of Health Sciences](#). The for-profit [Carrington College](#) also has a location in the Las Vegas valley.

Venues in Las Vegas

[\[edit\]](#)

- [Music venues in Las Vegas](#)
- [Sports venues in Las Vegas](#)
- [City of Rock \(Las Vegas\)](#)

See also

[\[edit\]](#)

- [Flag of Nevada portal](#)

- Architecture of Las Vegas
- List of Las Vegas Strip hotels
- List of people from Las Vegas
- List of restaurants in the Las Vegas Valley
- Las Vegas shows

Notes

[\[edit\]](#)

1. ^ An outdoor swap meet located in North Las Vegas, opened as Broadacres Swap Meet in 1977.[\[51\]](#)[\[52\]](#)[\[53\]](#)
2. ^ Opened in 1991,[\[54\]](#)[\[55\]](#) in the former Fantastik Furniture store, which originated as the Vegas Village shopping center in the 1960s.[\[56\]](#)[\[57\]](#) It has more than 500 vendor booths.[\[58\]](#)[\[59\]](#)
3. ^ Two titles were won when the team was based in [Oakland, California](#) and one was won when they were based in [Los Angeles, California](#).

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- CAC (Civil Applications Committee)/USGS Global Fiducials Program web page containing scientific description of the region and interactive map viewer featuring declassified high-resolution time-series imagery
- City of Las Vegas official website
 - [v](#)
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Las Vegas Valley

- Las Vegas MSA
- State of Nevada

○ Airports

- Harry Reid International Airport
- North Las Vegas Airport
- Henderson Executive Airport
- Southern Nevada Supplemental Airport (planned)
- Brightline West (planned)
- Brightline West station (planned)
- Las Vegas Monorail
- RTC Transit
- Silver Rider Transit
- Resort trams
- Loop
- Amtrak station (defunct)

LV

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 - Symphony Park
 - Smith Center for the Performing Arts
 - Huntridge Theater
 - Lance Burton Theatre
 - Las Vegas Little Theater
 - Majestic Repertory Theatre
 - Smith Center for the Performing Arts
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 - Erotic Heritage Museum
 - Howard W. Cannon Aviation Museum
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 - Las Vegas Historical Society
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 - Mob Museum
 - National Atomic Testing Museum
 - Neon Museum
 - Nevada State Museum
 - Nevada Southern Railroad Museum
 - Old Las Vegas Mormon Fort State Historic Park
 - Pinball Hall of Fame

**Arts and
museums**

Active

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- Cashman Field
- City National Arena
- Darling Tennis Center
- Las Vegas Motor Speedway
- Las Vegas Ballpark
- Mandalay Bay Events Center
- MGM Grand Garden Arena
- New Las Vegas Stadium
- Sam Boyd Stadium
- Sphere
- T-Mobile Arena
- Thomas & Mack Center

Sports

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- Clark County Government Center
- Lloyd D. George Federal Courthouse
- Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department
- Clark County Coroner's Office

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 - North Las Vegas

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- [The Shops at Crystals](#)
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- [Downtown Summerlin](#)
- [Galleria at Sunset](#)
- [Grand Canal Shoppes](#)

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- Spring Creek

- Bullfrog

Former counties

- Ormsby
- Roop

Image: Nevada portal
Flag

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Southern California megaregion

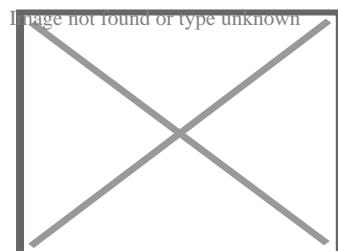
Metropolitan areas and cities in *italics* are located outside of California

Metropolitan Los Angeles

- Major cities: **Los Angeles**
- **Long Beach**
- **Anaheim**
- **Santa Ana**
- **Santa Clarita**
- **Irvine**
- **Glendale**
- **Huntington Beach**
- **Garden Grove**

Inland Empire

- Major cities: **San Bernardino**
- **Riverside**
- **Fontana**
- **Moreno Valley**
- **Ontario**
- **Rancho Cucamonga**
- **Corona**



San Diego–Tijuana

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- **Chula Vista**
- **Oceanside**
- **Escondido**
- **Rosarito**

Central Coast

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- **Santa Maria**
- **San Luis Obispo**

Las Vegas Valley

- Major cities: **Las Vegas**
- **Henderson**
- **North Las Vegas**

Megapolitan areas of California

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International

- VIAF

National

- United States
- Israel

About Poly-Turf

Poly-Turf was a brand of [artificial turf](#) in the early 1970s, manufactured by American Biltrite of [Wellesley, Massachusetts](#). It was the first specifically designed for [American football](#), with a patented layered structure which included a "shock pad" between the [artificial grass](#) and the asphalt sub-surface.^[1] It used [polypropylene](#) for its artificial grass blades, rather than the [nylon](#) used in [AstroTurf](#) and 3M's [Tartan Turf](#).^{[2][3][4]}

History in Miami

[\[edit\]](#)

In the late 1960s, the natural grass surface at the [Orange Bowl](#) in [Miami](#) was constantly in poor condition,^[5] primarily due to heavy usage; 34 games were scheduled there during the 1968 football season.^[6]

Poly-Turf was installed at the city-owned stadium in [1970](#),^[7] and utilized for six seasons. The stadium was used for both [college](#) and [professional](#) football, primarily by the [University of Miami Hurricanes](#) and the [Miami Dolphins](#) of the [NFL](#). It also hosted the eponymous New Year's Day college bowl game, [Super Bowl](#) games, and [high school football](#).

The [University of Nebraska Cornhuskers](#) won the first three Orange Bowl games played on Poly-Turf, which included two national championships. The first Super Bowl played

on artificial turf was played on Poly-Turf in the Orange Bowl in January 1971, when the Baltimore Colts defeated the Dallas Cowboys 16–13 in Super Bowl V. The next Super Bowl at the stadium was the final game played on Poly-Turf in Miami; Super Bowl X in January 1976.^[8] Its flaws received additional media exposure the week prior to the game,^[9] and Dolphins receiver Nat Moore documented them in a local article.^[10]

The longer polypropylene blades of Poly-Turf tended to mat down^{[11][12]} and become very slick under hot & sunny conditions.^{[13][14][15]} Other NFL owners were skeptical of the brand before the first regular season games were played in 1970.^[7] The field was replaced after two seasons,^{[16][17]} before the Dolphins' 1972 undefeated season.^[18] It was replaced by another Poly-Turf surface. While it had similar problems,^{[19][20]} it lasted longer than the first installation, and was used for four years. Over just six years, both installations deteriorated rapidly and some football players suffered an increasing number of leg and ankle injuries; some players claimed to trip over seams. Prior to the second installation in 1972, the city did not consult with the Dolphins about the replacement; Dolphins' head coach Don Shula preferred a different brand, either AstroTurf or Tartan Turf.^[21] The field discolored from green to blue due to the severe UV nature of the Miami sun.^{[14][22]}

Return to natural grass

[\[edit\]](#)

The city removed the Poly-Turf in 1976 and re-installed natural grass, a special type known as Prescription Athletic Turf (PAT),^{[23][24][25]} which remained until the stadium's closure in early 2008. As late as December 1975, the city had planned to retain the Poly-Turf for the 1976 season,^[23] but that decision was changed a few weeks later, prior to the Super Bowl.^{[8][26][27]}

The Orange Bowl became the first major football venue to replace its artificial turf with natural grass, and it was the third NFL stadium to install Prescription Athletic Turf; Denver's Mile High Stadium and Washington's RFK Stadium installed PAT fields a year earlier in the spring of 1975.^[24]

Other installations

[edit]

Other NFL stadiums which installed Poly-Turf included Schaefer Stadium, opened in 1971 for the New England Patriots,[11] and Tulane Stadium in New Orleans, home of the Saints, Tulane University, and the Sugar Bowl. Notable college stadiums included Legion Field in Birmingham, Alabama[28] and Alumni Stadium at Boston College.[29]

American Biltrite ceased production of Poly-Turf in 1973; 3M stopped the manufacture of its Tartan Turf in 1974, citing rising oil prices in light of the 1973 oil embargo.[4] This left AstroTurf as the only major manufacturer of artificial turf (with only minor competition along the way) until FieldTurf was introduced in the late 1990s.[30]

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[edit]

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About



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Things To Do in



Buckskin Basin Park

4.4 (453)



Pioneer Park

4.5 (466)



Nicholas E. Flores Jr.Park

4.2 (325)



Doc Romeo Park

4.4 (479)



Aloha Shores Park

4.4 (198)



Children's Memorial Park

4.5 (1101)



Durango Hills Park Pickleball Courts

4.6 (273)



Ed Fountain Park

4.4 (1371)



Las Vegas Mini Grand Prix Family Fun Center

4.4 (4312)

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Driving Directions From Las Vegas Artificial Lawns to

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Reviews for



Josh Bodell

(5)

Eric and team did an amazing job. They worked with me for months while I got HOA approval for the project. Once they began working they were great, going over everything in detail and making sure things were perfect. This project included wall repair, stucco and paint repair, paver and turf installation. Extremely satisfied with this experience.



Shana Shapiro

(5)

Chris, the design consultant, Dave the production manager, along with their install team Opulent were affordable, upfront with costs, efficient and professional. Attached are some before and after pictures. Highly recommend their services.



Dawna OgleYohe

(5)

My initial contact was with Ray, whom did an excellent job giving me an estimate on what I wanted done in my small yard and walkway., the guys that came out and did the work were superior. They did an excellent job. I'm very pleased with this company. I will highly recommend them to family and friends, and I will be using them in the near future for other little projects.



Zachary Maley

(5)

Albert and his team at RockNBlock are the definition of true professionals. At the end of our project, there were a couple of outstanding issues. When Albert heard I was dissatisfied with the original work, he immediately called me to discuss the next steps. After coming over and walking the property, he came up with multiple solutions to the issues, and his team started the following Tuesday. Within a couple of days, our backyard has never looked better. They did an unbelievable job and went above and beyond anything we expected. I can not recommend this crew enough. It is rare to find vendors who will go out of their way to ensure their customers are 100% happy. For any landscaping projects around the valley – going with RockNBlock is a safe bet.



Rob Foster

(5)

We have been working with AI and the team for many years (8) to be exact. We have had the pleasure of working with many of their clients throughout this time and we absolutely love how their clients are so pleased with the work they do and the outcome of the projects! The sales team and staff have been very supportive and professional and that's hard to come by. We look forward to many more years of this partnership with a very positive and motivated company that's always looking out for the best interests of the community!

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